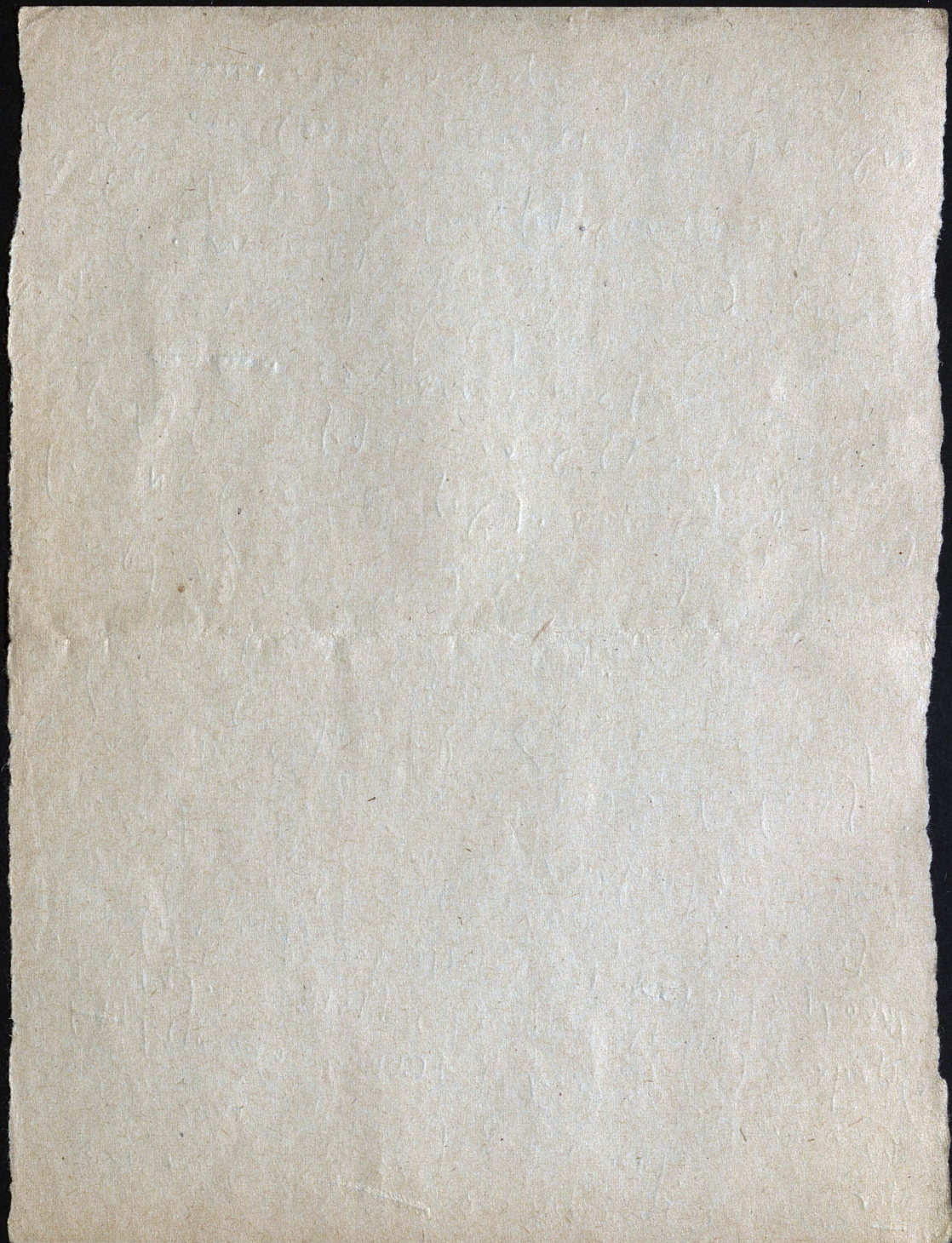
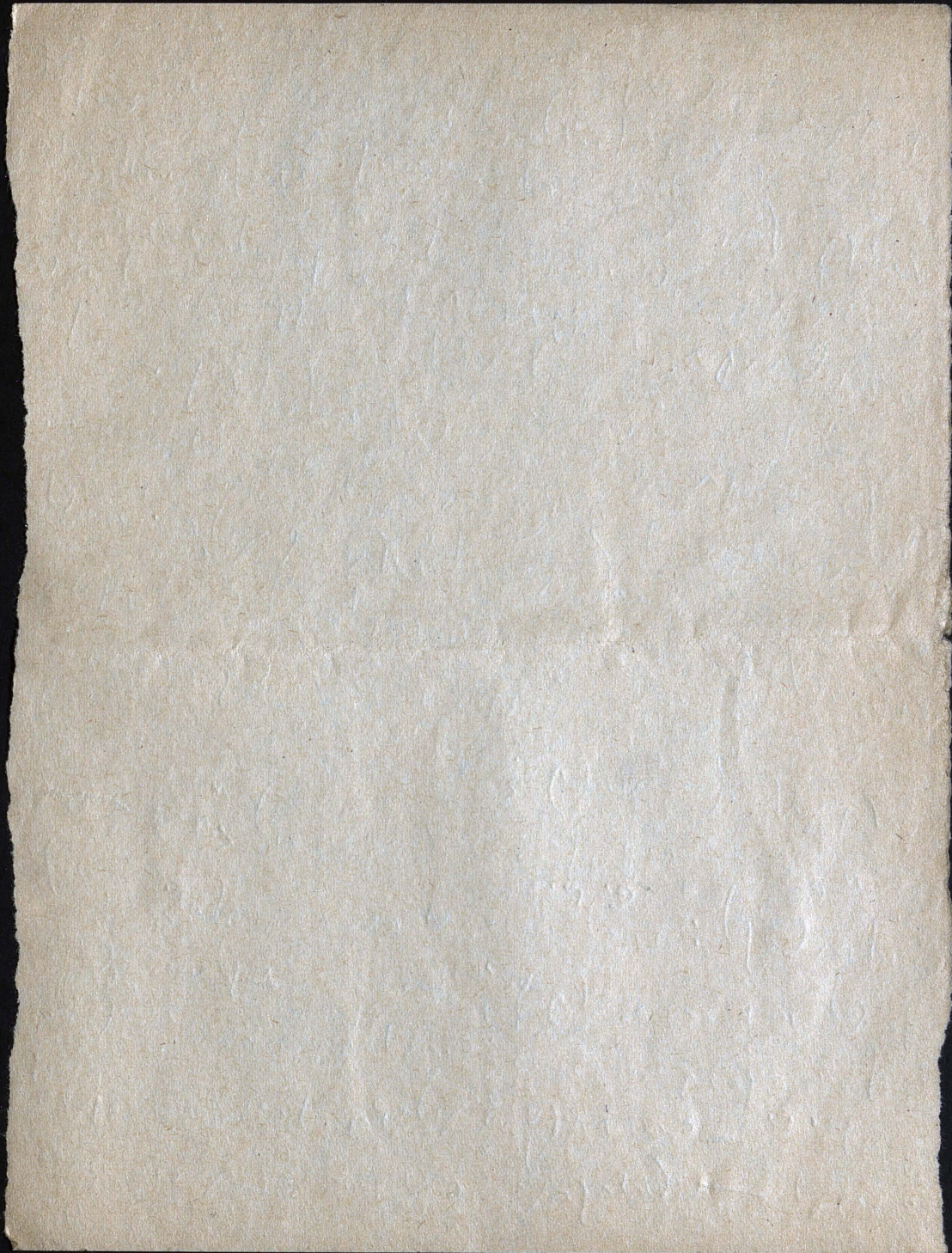


[illegible]

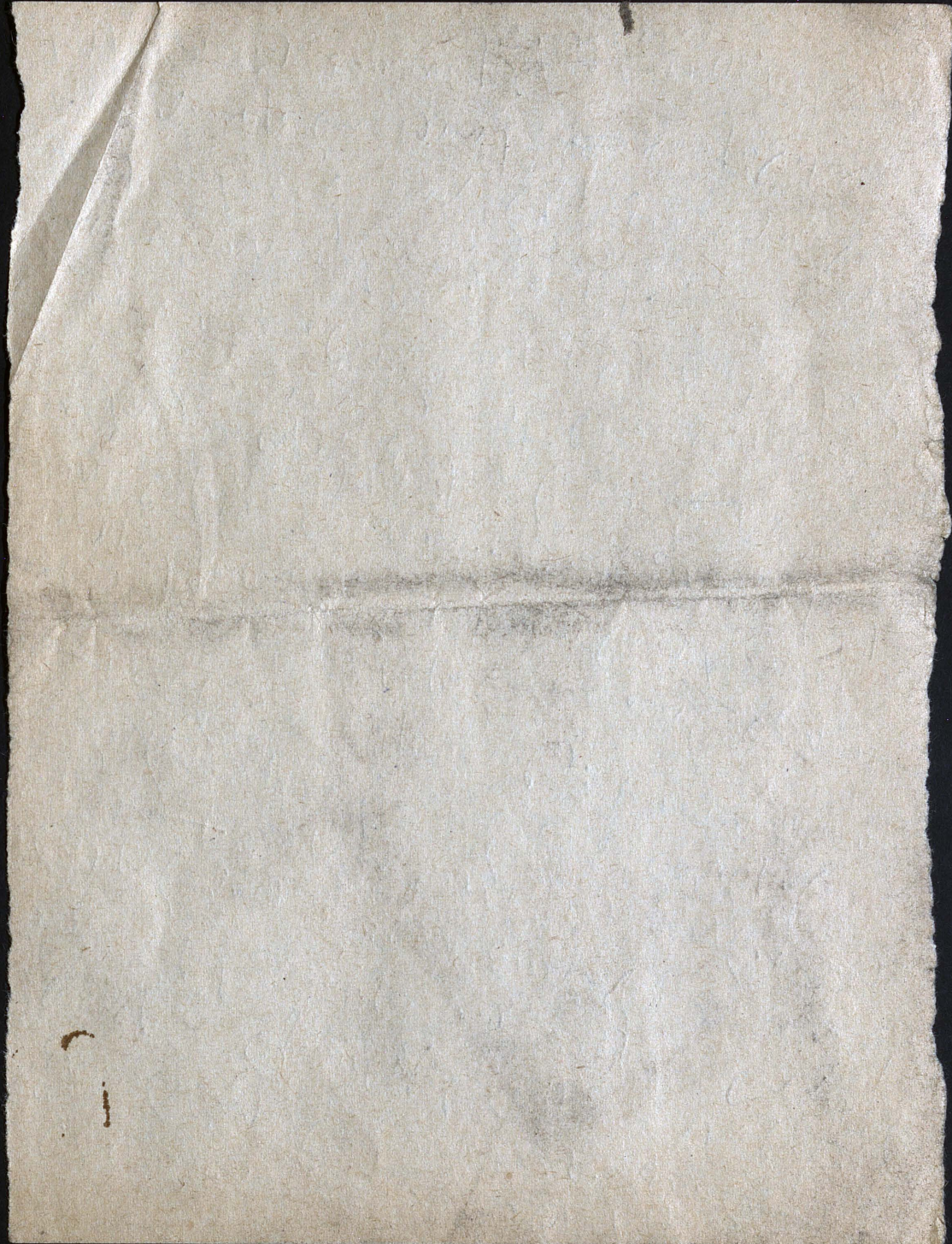


[illegible]

Handwritten text in Hebrew script, likely a manuscript or letter, written on aged paper. The text is dense and covers most of the page.



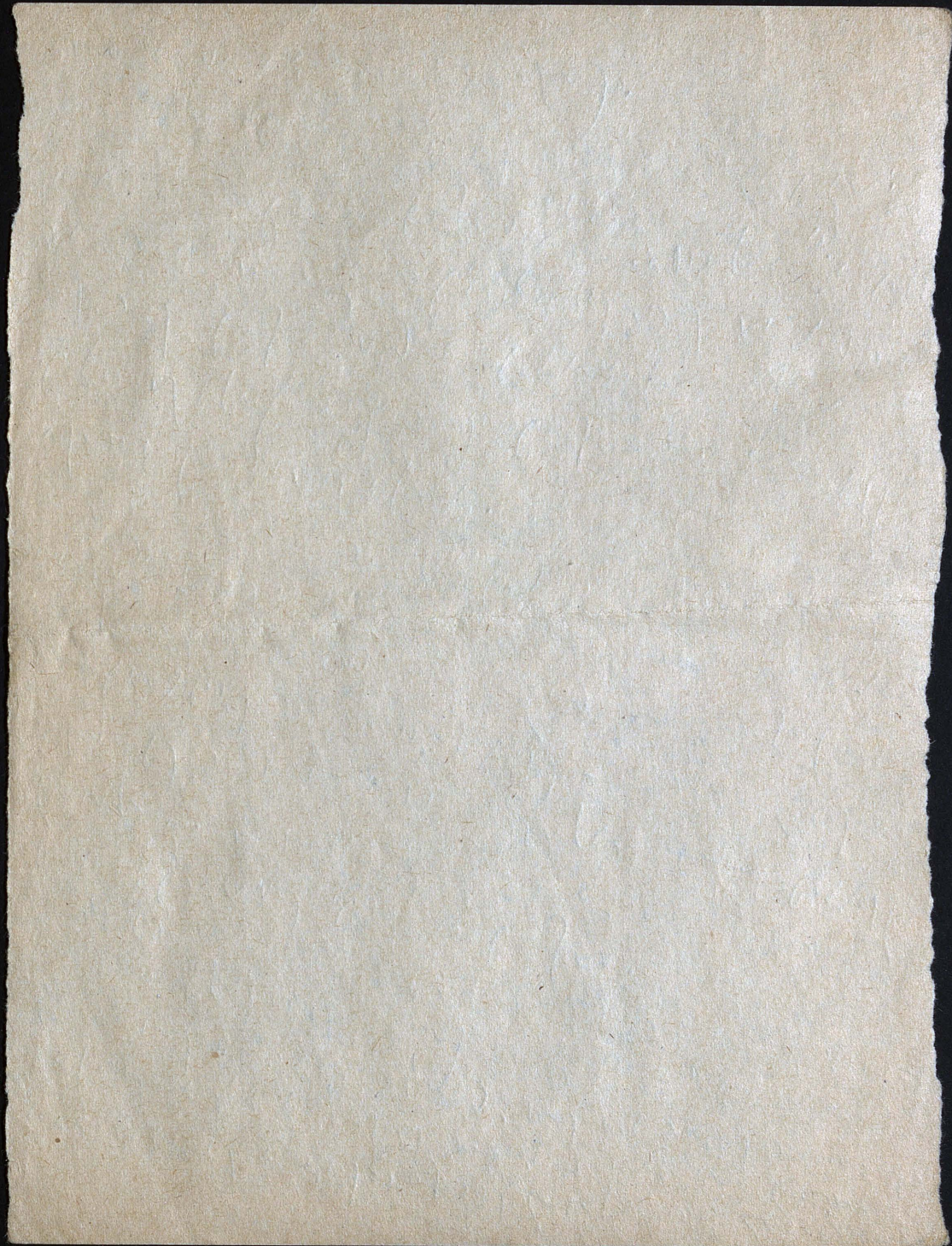
[illegible]

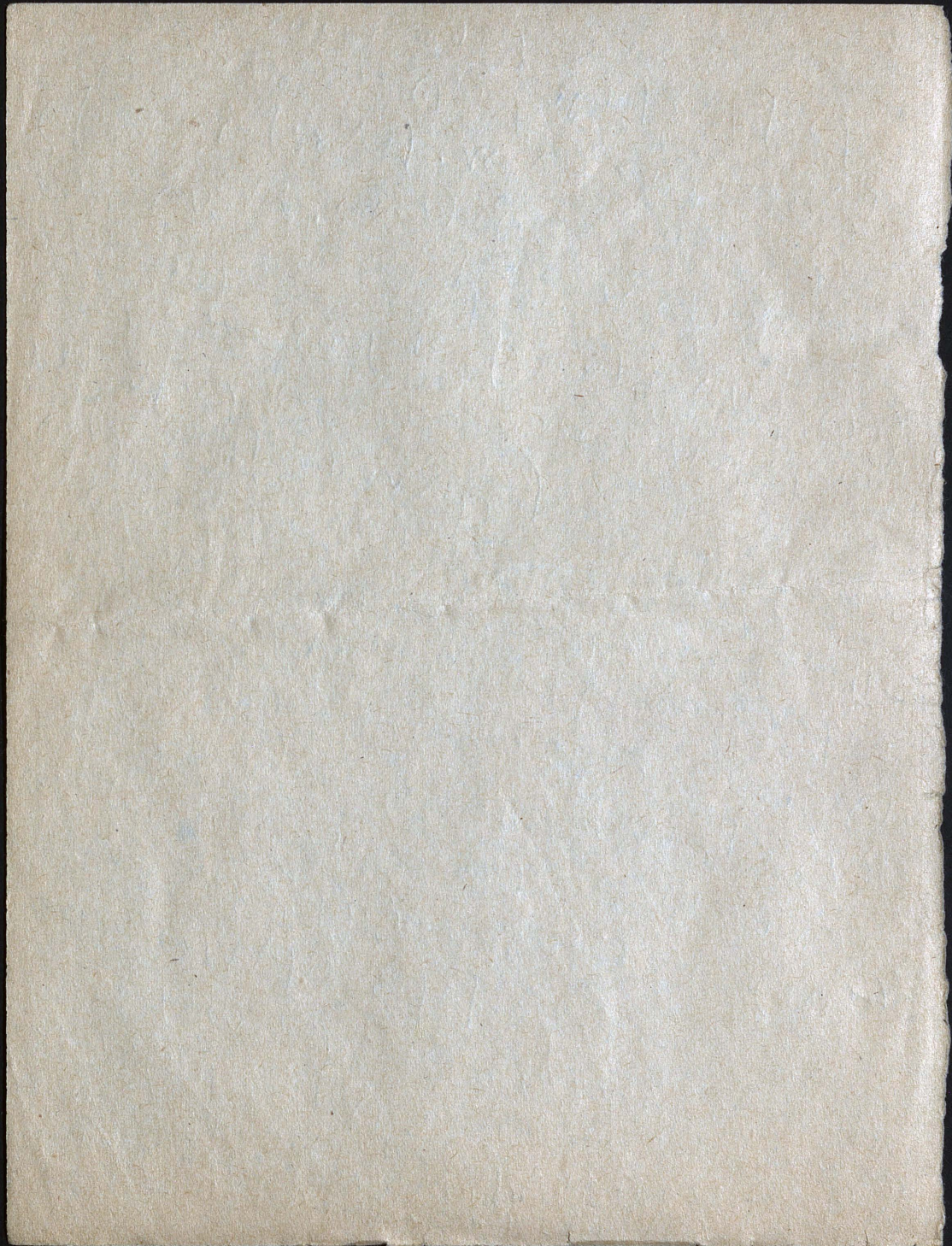


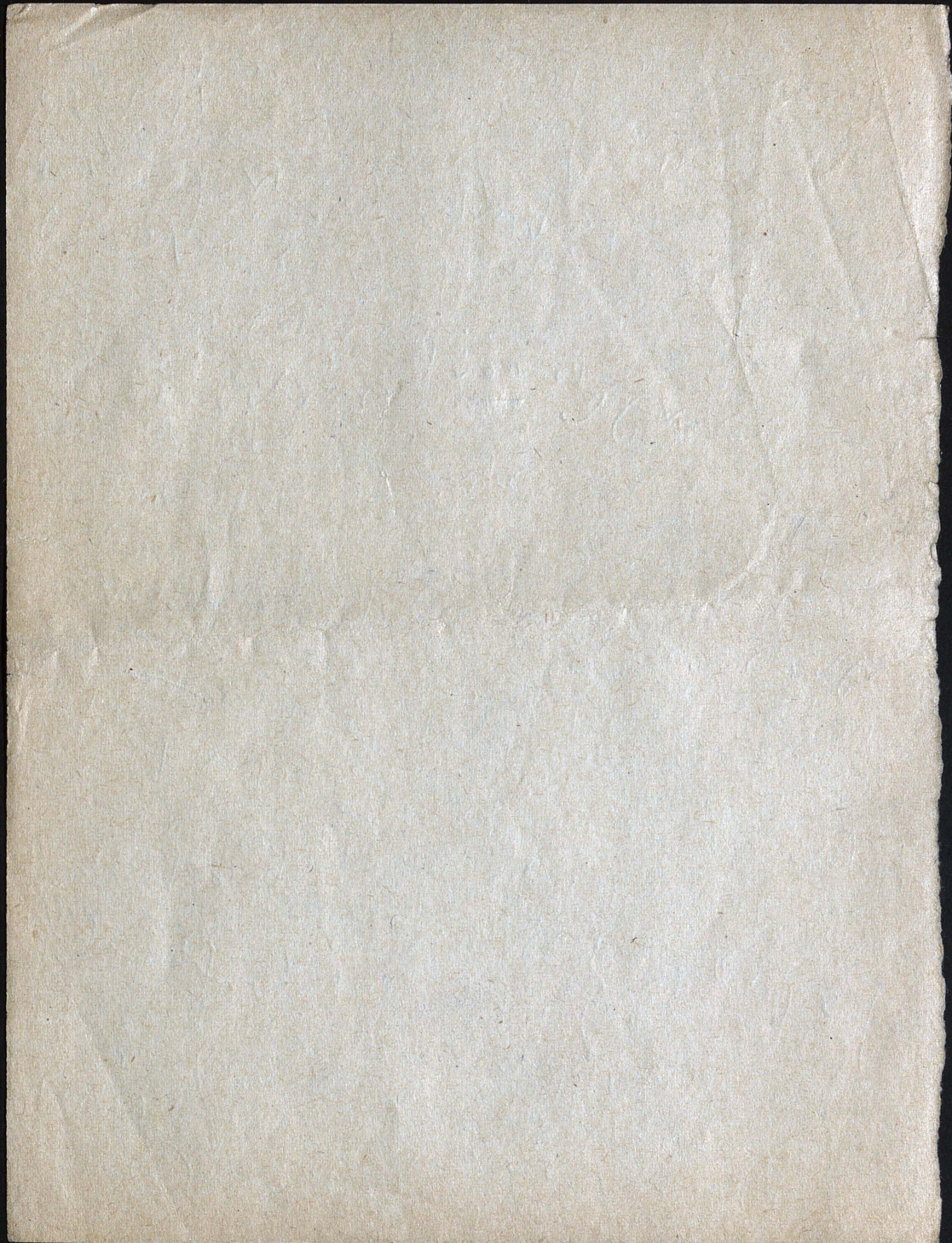
• (முற்றும்) 105, 11000 & 10000

The handwriting is a cursive script, likely from the 18th or 19th century. The text is written in a fluid, connected style with many loops and flourishes. The ink is dark, and the paper is aged and slightly discolored. The text is arranged in several lines, with some words being particularly large and prominent.

1. $\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-2} = -2x^{-3} = -\frac{2}{x^3}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{x^2} = -\frac{2}{x^3}$
 2. $\frac{1}{x^3} = x^{-3}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-3} = -3x^{-4} = -\frac{3}{x^4}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{x^3} = -\frac{3}{x^4}$
 3. $\frac{1}{x^4} = x^{-4}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-4} = -4x^{-5} = -\frac{4}{x^5}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{x^4} = -\frac{4}{x^5}$
 4. $\frac{1}{x^5} = x^{-5}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-5} = -5x^{-6} = -\frac{5}{x^6}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{x^5} = -\frac{5}{x^6}$
 5. $\frac{1}{x^6} = x^{-6}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-6} = -6x^{-7} = -\frac{6}{x^7}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{x^6} = -\frac{6}{x^7}$
 6. $\frac{1}{x^7} = x^{-7}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-7} = -7x^{-8} = -\frac{7}{x^8}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{x^7} = -\frac{7}{x^8}$
 7. $\frac{1}{x^8} = x^{-8}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-8} = -8x^{-9} = -\frac{8}{x^9}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{x^8} = -\frac{8}{x^9}$
 8. $\frac{1}{x^9} = x^{-9}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-9} = -9x^{-10} = -\frac{9}{x^{10}}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{x^9} = -\frac{9}{x^{10}}$
 9. $\frac{1}{x^{10}} = x^{-10}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-10} = -10x^{-11} = -\frac{10}{x^{11}}$
 $\frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{x^{10}} = -\frac{10}{x^{11}}$







ANS

ms

M. 53-58